

CUDNER & O'CONNOR CO.

Safety Data Sheet PC-3401 FLAT WHITE

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Product name PC-3401 FLAT WHITE

Product number PC-3401 Brand CANDOC

1.2 Other means of identification

White Printing Ink

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Uses: Printing Ink

1.4 Supplier's details

Name Cudner & O'Connor Co.
Address 4035 West Kinzie St

Chicago, IL 60624

USA

Telephone 773-826-0200 Fax 773-826-0477

email CANDOC1@AOL.COM

1.5 Emergency phone number(s)

800-535-5053

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

- Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 3
- Acute toxicity, dermal (chapter 3.1), Cat. 5
- Acute toxicity, inhalation (chapter 3.1), Cat. 5
- Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Cat. 5
- Eye damage/irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 2A

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
H303 May be harmful if swallowed
H313 May be harmful in contact with skin
H319 Causes serious eye irritation
H333 May be harmful if inhaled

Precautionary statement(s)

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting and equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower.

P304+P312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam,alcohol foam,CO2, dry chemical,water fog to

extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 Dispose of in accordance with local, county, state, provincial and federal

regulations.

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

1. TITANIUM DIOXIDE

Concentration 45 - 50 %

Other names / synonyms ANATASE; RUTILE; TITANIUM OXIDE; Titanium oxide (TiO2); TITANIUM

WHITE; TITANIUM(IV) OXIDE; TITANIUMDIOXIDE

CAS no. 13463-67-7

- Acute toxicity, inhalation (chapter 3.1), Cat. 5

2. 2-butoxyethyl acetate

Concentration 10 - 15 %

Other names / synonyms butylglycol acetate; Ethanol, 2-butoxy-, 1-acetate

EC no. 203-933-3 CAS no. 112-07-2 Index no. 607-038-00-2

- Acute toxicity (chapter 3.1), Cat. 4

H312 Harmful in contact with skin

H332 Harmful if inhaled

3. CYCLOHEXANONE

Concentration 10 - 15 %

Other names / synonyms HEXANON EC no. 203-631-1 CAS no. 108-94-1 Index no. 606-010-00-7

- Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 3 - Acute toxicity (chapter 3.1), Cat. 4

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor

H332 Harmful if inhaled

4. Component 4 (trade secret)

Concentration 10 - 15 %

5. Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with chloroethene

 Concentration
 5 - 10 %

 CAS no.
 9003-22-9

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

6. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom

Concentration 5 - 10 % CAS no. 64742-95-6

- Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 4

7. 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,4-bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester

 Concentration
 < 0 - 5 %</td>

 CAS no.
 6422-86-2

8. 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

Concentration 5 %

Other names / synonyms Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-; Pseudocumene; TRIMETHYLBENZ;

Trimethylbenzene,1,2,4-

EC no. 202-436-9 CAS no. 95-63-6 Index no. 601-043-00-3

Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 3
Acute toxicity (chapter 3.1), Cat. 4

- Eye damage/irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 2

- Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure (chapter 3.8), Cat. 3

- Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 2

- Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term hazard (chapter 4.1), Cat. 2

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

9. XYLENES (MIXED)

Concentration < 0 - 1 %

Other names / synonyms xylene [4]; XYLENE, mixture of isomers; XYLENES, MIXED; XYLOL

EC no. 215-535-7 CAS no. 1330-20-7 Index no. 601-022-00-9

- Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 3 - Acute toxicity (chapter 3.1), Cat. 4

- Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 2

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
H312 Harmful in contact with skin
H315 Causes skin irritation
H332 Harmful if inhaled

10. VINYL ACETATE

Concentration 0.03 %

Other names / synonyms Acetic acid ethenyl ester; ACETIC ACID, VINYL ESTER; Vinyl acetate

monomer; VINYLACETATE

EC no. 203-545-4 CAS no. 108-05-4 Index no. 607-023-00-0

- Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 2

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor

11. Stoddard solvent

Concentration < 0 - 1 % CAS no. 8052-41-3

- Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 4

- Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term hazard (chapter 4.1), Cat. 4

- Acute toxicity, dermal (chapter 3.1), Cat. 5

- Acute toxicity, inhalation (chapter 3.1), Cat. 5

- Acute toxicity, oral (chapter 3.1), Cat. 5

- Eye damage/irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 2A

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor H302 Harmful if swallowed H312 Harmful in contact with skin H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H333 May be harmful if inhaled

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration.

In case of skin contact Wash off with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a

physician.

If swallowed Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

Personal protective equipment for first-aid responders

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in section 3.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

No data available.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Carbon oxides

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Use explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.3 no other specific uses are stipulated.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

1. 2-butoxyethyl acetate (CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3)

TWA (Inhalation): 20ppm (ACGIH)

2. Cyclohexanone (CAS: 108-94-1)

PEL (Inhalation): 50 ppm (OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

3. Cyclohexanone (CAS: 108-94-1)

PEL (Inhalation): 200 mg/m3 (OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

4. Cyclohexanone (CAS: 108-94-1)

PEL (Inhalation): 25 ppm (Cal/OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

5. Cyclohexanone (CAS: 108-94-1)

REL (Inhalation): 25 ppm (NIOSH)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

6. Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers) (CAS: 1330-20-7)

PEL (Inhalation): 100 ppm (OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

7. Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers) (CAS: 1330-20-7)

PEL (Inhalation): 435 mg/m3 (OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

8. Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers) (CAS: 1330-20-7)

PEL (Inhalation): 100 ppm, (ST) 150 ppm, (C) 300 ppm (Cal/OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

9. Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers) (CAS: 1330-20-7)

REL (Inhalation): 100 ppm, (ST) 150 ppm (NIOSH)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

10. 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS: 95-63-6 EC: 202-436-9)

TWA (Inhalation): 25 ppm 125mg/m3 (NIOSH)

11. Stoddard solvent (CAS: 8052-41-3 EC: 232-489-3)

TWA (Inhalation): 100ppm (ACGIH)

12. Stoddard solvent (CAS: 8052-41-3 EC: 232-489-3)

TWA (Inhalation): 350mg/m3 TWA20000 mg/3 IDLH (OSHA)

13. Titanium dioxide - Total dust (CAS: 13463-67-7)

PEL (Inhalation): 15 mg/m3 (OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

14. Titanium dioxide - Total dust (CAS: 13463-67-7)

PEL (Inhalation): See PNOR (Cal/OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

15. Titanium dioxide - Total dust (CAS: 13463-67-7)

REL (Inhalation): Ca, (ultrafine particles), 2.4 mg/m3\(\xi\)fine), 0.3 mg/m3(ultrafine), See Appendix A, See Appendix C (NIOSH)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eve/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Body protection

Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required. Where protection from nuisance levels of dusts are desired, use type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN 143) dust masks. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Thermal hazards

Thermal breakdown during fire or very high heat conditions may release Carbon Oxides, formaldehyde, silicon dioxide and incompletey burnt hydrocarbons.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not let product enter drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance/form Viscous Liquid

Odor Characteristist Solvent Odor

Odor threshold No Data
pH No Data
Melting point/freezing point No Data
Initial boiling point and boiling range No Data

Flash point 120 F
Evaporation rate Slower than Ether

Flammability (solid, gas)
Upper/lower flammability limits 12.6

Upper/lower explosive limits
Vapor pressure
Vapor density

.88
No Data
Heavier than Air

Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Heavier than A

12.91 lbs

Not Soluable

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

No Data

No Data

No Data

Viscosity
No Data
Explosive properties
No Data
No Data

Oxidizing properties

Other safety information

VOC WEIGHT 35.22% VOC VOLUME 59.64%

VOC 4.57 LBS/GAL

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

None anticipated during normal use and storage.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Bases, amines, alkali metals, metals, permanganates, e.g. potassium permanganate, fluorine, metal acetylides, hexalithium disilicide

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

Skin corrosion/irritation

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

Serious eye damage/irritation

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

Respiratory or skin sensitization

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

Germ cell mutagenicity

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

Carcinogenicity

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

Reproductive toxicity

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

STOT-single exposure

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

STOT-repeated exposure

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

Aspiration hazard

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

Additional information

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

Persistence and degradability

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

Bioaccumulative potential

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

Mobility in soil

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

Other adverse effects

This product has not been tested as a mixture, see Section 3: Hazards Identification

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal of the product

Dispose of in accordance with local, county, state, provincial and federal regulations. Emptied containers may retain hazardous properties. Empty containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner in accordance with applicable local regulations.

Disposal of contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product properly.

Waste treatment

Not Applicable

Sewage disposal

Not Applicable

Other disposal recommendations

Dispose of in accordance with local, county, state, provincial and federal regulations. Emptied containers may retain hazardous properties. Empty containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner in accordance with applicable local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

UN Number: 1210

Class:3

Packing Group: III

Proper Shipping Name: Printing Ink

Reportable quantity (RQ):

Marine pollutant:

Poison inhalation hazard:

IMDG

UN Number: 1210

Class: 3

Packing Group: III EMS Number:

Proper Shipping Name: Printing Ink

IATA

UN Number: 1210

Class: 3

Packing Group: III

Proper Shipping Name: Printing Ink

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Cyclohexanone,2-butoxyethyl acetate,1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene, Cumene, Xylenes, Ethylbenzene,VINYL ACETATE, Titanium Dioxide

SARA 313 Components

2-butoxyethyl acetate,1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene, Cumene, Xylenes, Ethylbenzene,

New Jersey Right To Know Components

2-butoxyethyl acetate, Xylene, Ethylbenzene, Cyclohexanone, 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene, Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with chloroethene, VINYL ACETATE, Stoddard Solvent, Titanium Dioxide

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

2-butoxyethyl acetate, Xylene, Ethylbenzene, Cyclohexanone, 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene, Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with chloroethene, VINYL ACETATE, Stoddard Solvent, Titanium Dioxide

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Cyclohexanone, Xylene, Ethylbenzene, 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene, Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with chloroethene, VINYL ACETATE, Stoddard Solvent, Titanium Dioxide

California Prop. 65 components

Chemical name: XYLENES (MIXED)

CAS number: 1330-20-7 06/11/2004 - Cancer

HMIS Rating

PC-3401 FLAT WHITE	
HEALTH	2
FLAMMABILITY	2
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	В

NFPA Rating



SECTION 16: Other information

16.1 Further information/disclaimer

These data are based on our present knowledge. However, they shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Carcinogenicity: In February 2006 IARC concluded, "There is inadequate evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of titanium dioxide." Based on rat inhalation studies IARC concluded that there is "sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of titanium dioxide," IARC's overall evaluation was that "Titanium dioxide is possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2b)".

This conclusion was based on IARC's guidelines which require such a classification if two or more independent studies in one species carried out at different times or in different laboratories or under different protocols show evidence of tumours.

16.2 Preparation information

The information and recommendations contained in this Safety Data Sheet have been compiled from sources believed to be reliable and to represent the most reasonable current opinion on the subject when the SDS was prepared. No warranty, guarantee or representation is made. The user of this product must decide what safety measures are necessary to safely use this product either alone or in combination with other products and determine its environmental regulatory compliance obligations under any federal, state or local laws.